## The Roman Republic

## RED $=$ Roman

BLUE = USA

| Tripartite | Tripartite |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 branches | 3 branches |
| Legislative | Legislative |
| Executive | Executive |
| Judicial | Judicial |

Legislative - makes the laws

Senate-300
Represents the rich
(patricians)

## Assembly

Represents the poor (plebeians)
worked with the leaders

Senate - 100 (2 from each state)
higher status - 6 yr term
represent entire state
House of Representatives lower status - 2 yr term represents part of a state worked with the leaders

Executive - enforces the laws
2 consuls; serve 1 year only 1 president; serves 4 years; can be re-elected once Commander-in-chief Heads the gov't

## Judicial - interprets the laws

8 judges; served for 1 year | $\underline{9}$ justices in Supreme Court; |
| :--- | :--- |
| serve for life |

Separation of powers
(separates the gov' $\dagger$
into 3 branches)

One consul can veto another

Written constitution
("Twelve Tables")

Citizens vote
Free, adult, male
Citizens have civic duty (serve their nation: serve in the army, vote, pay taxes, jury duty by upper class)

Cincinnatus - believed in giving power back to the people

Separation of powers (separates the gov' $\dagger$ into 3 branches)

Checks and balances (one branch can "veto" the others)

Written constitution ("The U. S. Constitution")

Citizens vote adults
Citizens have civic duty (serve their nation: serve in the armed forces, jury duty, pay taxes, vote

Washington - believed in giving power back to the people

Veto - overrule
Dictator - a leader with absolute power

