List of Landforms/Waterforms

Landforms [http://www.enchantedlearning.com/geography/glossary/]

archipelago - a group of islands atoll - ring-shaped reef, island or chain of islands formed of coral basin - a large, shallow depression where rivers and tributaries tend to be found butte - hill with flat top, steep sides canyon - narrow lowland between hills or mountains, usually gorged by a river with high steep slopes cape - piece of hooked land that extends into the ocean or sea coast - land around a large lake, sea, or ocean (continental) divide - mountain ridges that divide the watershed into rivers flowing east or rivers flowing west (coral) reef - an extension ridge of coral under the sea delta - huge accumulation of sediment at the mouth of a river usually shaped like a triangle

foothills/piedmont hill - sloping, rounded top, under 1,000 feet island - a piece of land surrounded by water isthmus - a narrow piece of land that connects two larger pieces of land mesa - form of plateau; lower terrain on all sides mountain - steep sides, identifiable peak, over 1,000 feet peninsula - landed surrounded on three sides by water plain - large area of flat land plateau - elevated plain, usually with eroded cliffs on one or more sides range - a connected line of mountains valley - a lowland between hills or mountains volcano – conical mountain having a vent through which lava, hot vapor, or gas have erupted watershed - a smaller area of land that contributes to a basin

Waterforms

bay - a body of water surrounded by land that opens into a larger body of water or an ocean channel - a wide strait

cove - small bay or within a bay, circular

or oval in shape, with restricted entrance

delta – huge accumulation of sediment at the mouth of a river usually shaped like a triangle

fiord/fjord - a very narrow inlet surrounded by steep cliffs (Norwegian coast)

geyser - a hot spring in which water intermittently boils, sending a tall column of water and steam into the air glacier - a huge, slow moving mass of ice gulf – a large bay

iceberg – a small to large block of ice that

is under the ocean with only its top

sticking out above the surface

lake - a body of water with fresh water

mouth - where a river enters a sea

ocean - one of 5 huge bodies of water

river - stream of water flowing in a channel to the sea, lake, or another river

sea – large inland body of salty water, or, a small area of ocean

source/headwaters - the beginning of a river (opposite of mouth)

strait - narrow passage of water that connects
 two larger bodies of water; a narrow channel
stream/rivulet/brook/creek/spring

tributary - a small river or branch of a river that flows into a larger one

Environmental conditions

Land (vegetation and/or amount of water) bayou - marshy outlet of a lake or river barren - land too dry or cold for plants to grow bog - a type of wetland; wet, muddy ground too soft to support a heavy body desert - an area of land that receives less than 10 inches of rain a year forest - an area with large trees grassland - an area of expansive natural tall grasses icecap - a permanent cover of ice and snow over land marsh - a type of wetland; low-lying area flooded in wet seasons or high tide rainforest - trees adapted to high amounts of precipitation savanna - grassland with scattered trees steppe - dry grassland area swamp - a type of wetland taiga - the sometimes swampy coniferous forest of high northern latitudes, esp. that between the tundra and steppes tundra - frozen ground wetland - land where water is often close to the surface or at the surface

Climate zones

Polar (60°N - 90°N and 60°S - 90°S) Temperate (30°N - 60°N and 30°S - 60°S) Tropics (30°N - 30°S)